





THE Nagasaki *Rising Sun* bears that the last European connected with the Corcan Mini, Mr. Reid, has been dismissed; as it has been decided to discontinue mining for the present.

THE Ningpo correspondent of the Shanghai *Mercury* says that on the 5th inst. the price of Keelung coal in that port was \$10 per ton. There would seem to be a field for enterprise in Ningpo. The discovery of a coal mine in the vicinity would make things "boom."

THUS our Foochow contemporary:—There was large attendance at the Foochow Church on the 5th instant, to witness the marriage of Mr. J. B. Weeks and Mrs. E. Walkinshaw. The bride was handsomely attired in white silk with long train, and white bonnet with slight gold trimming. Her bouquet was of the choicest white flowers that could be obtained.

THE *Shanghai Mercury's* Formosa correspondent hears that the Keelung coal mines have been flooded by the heavy and continuous rains, and that the pumps, although at work all night, have great trouble to keep the water under. In consequence of this, coal is very scarce and can only be obtained from the small native mines that are worked without machinery.

THE Imperial honours conferred on His Excellency the Viceroy of Chihli, the *Chinese Times* says, have nearly exhausted the last possibilities of decoration. The permission to use scarlet, or purple, reins when riding or driving, and to use the same colour for the props of the sedan chair, or a privilege believed to be reserved exclusively for the Imperial family, and the Empress has therefore gone as far as it is possible to show her appreciation of the merits of Li Hung-chang.

ELIAS JOSEPH MOSES, a disciple of the apostle of cheap dwellings in this colony, summoned his "boy" this morning to the Police Court for leaving undone the things he ought to have done. Mr. Moses lives in Wanchai Road, and felt like having his dinner about eight o'clock last night. He mentioned this to the "boy," but the haughty apprentice refused to bring it up, and "Belshazzar's feast" had to be served by the cook. The magistrate imposed a fine of five shillings, with the alternative of a spell of rest in the Arbuthnot Road tubercular.

A BOMBAY telegram dated Feb. 23rd says:—Narayan Nandu, the lad who was convicted of murdering three Parsees in October last, was executed this morning. He repeated his confession of guilt before he died, but maintained that he had no accomplices in the crime. The police suspect him of having also murdered two boys engaged in the same mill with himself, who were mysteriously murdered two or three years ago. Narayan Nandu would not acknowledge the boys he killed them, but he used to say that whether the accusation was true or not. On the eve of his death he sent for one of the sacerdotal order, and performed funeral ceremonies in respect to the three Parsees he had murdered, and offered a fourth prayer for some one whose name he mentioned so indistinctly that it could not be caught. A large crowd was present at the execution.

---

### MURDER IN TAIPINGSHAN.

---

About half past six last night a colored seaman named Joe Delanche, a murderer, a Chinaman in East Street, Taipingshan, by stabbing him. The circumstances of the affair are brief and clear. Delanche, who is a short, bulbous-lipped, rough-looking fellow out of employment, went into a second-hand clothes shop in East Street and said he wanted to buy a shirt. Several were shown to him, but he threw them aside rudely and then, picking one up, ran out of the shop with it. The shopman pursued him, and a young Chinaman employed as cook, who joined in the pursuit, quickly caught up and seized the runaway. Delanche then pulled out a sheath-knife from his hip-pocket, plunged it into the man's breast, and ran on. Some of the bystanders attended to the wounded man, whilst others pursued Delanche, who slashed the shopman slightly over the back of the hand on being again seized; but he was length captured by a district watchman. He was locked up on a charge of cutting and wounding, and was brought up at the Police Court before Mr. Wodehouse this morning, Inspector Hennessy being in charge of the case.

The Inspector said he had just received information that the injured man had died, and the charge in that case would have to be amended. Mr. Wodehouse agreeing, the prisoner was taken to the market-road for pending. Some alteration of the indictment. He seemed very indifferent, and although left entirely unattended, owing to some extraordinary oversight of the officer in charge, made no attempt to escape. The possibility of his doing so was drawn attention to, however, and after a while the prisoner was hauled off to a cell, only to be immediately brought back. He was then charged with the wilful murder of Cheung Chan, and after being cautioned said:—"A gang of men set on me, and I cut one of them. That knife is mine."

He was then brought before Mr. Wodehouse, when the following evidence was taken:—

Cheung Chan, an 11 followed the prisoner into a second-hand clothes shop at No. 12 East Street. Last night at 6.30 o'clock the prisoner came into the shop and wanted to buy some clothes. My master showed him three shirts at 50 cents each, and I saw him take one up and run away. I told the cook to follow, and we ran after him. I saw the cook catch hold of prisoner's left hand, and then the prisoner stabbed him in the left breast with a knife which he had taken out of his pocket. The cook let go of the prisoner, and said "I am stabbed," and then some neighbors helped him to carry to a shop. In the meantime the prisoner hit him, and I followed him. The prisoner hit him he turned on me and cut me across the knuckles of the left hand. I still followed him and when he got to the corner of Yu Yun Lane I saw him throw the knife through a window into a cellar. At the corner of East Street I called out "stop him," and a policeman arrested him. The cook was named Cheung Chan; he was twenty-four years of age and was single. I did not see more than one blow struck at him, but that was a very violent one.

His Worship asked the prisoner if he had any questions.

Prisoner:—No, but I will tell you why I had the knife. Me and my mates were going round these streets—

His Worship:—Well, I'll hear what you have to say later on.

Ho Ayun said:—I am an informer, and live in Pan Kwai Lane. At 6.30 last night I was in the last witness's shop and saw the prisoner come in and ask to see some clothes. Some were shown to him, but he did not like them, and threw them to the ground. He afterwards ran away with a shirt, and the cook, a shoemaker, last witness, and myself ran after him. The cook caught him and seized his left

ended by the forester, and died in hall an  
ur, and that the gamekeeper went into the  
woods and shot himself. The story of suicide, it  
was, invented to hide the truth.

Requiem services for the Austrian Crown  
princes were held to-day in Paris, Rome, Con  
stantinople, Sofia and the Hague, which were  
attended by representatives of sovereigns, papal  
nuncios, foreign diplomatic representatives, etc.

NICE, February 6th.

Madame Wilcox, who departed from here with an  
English doctor, was rescued by her mother to  
day. The girl was defiant and refused to give  
any reason for her course. She was brought  
on a train in Paris in charge of a lady appointed by the  
American Embassy there for the purpose. She  
is ready to go willingly and was not taken  
to custody. The doctor, on the contrary,  
survived here closely guarded by gendarmes and  
is locked up. The Public Prosecutor saw him in a  
cell to-night. The doctor denies seducing  
a girl or using undue influence. He says she  
could not be persuaded to run away with him.  
The doctor also maintains that he knew nothing  
of the girl until she was carried off, and that he  
made no use of the medical law of France. It is  
uncertain, now, whether any legal action can be  
brought against the doctor. When the Court  
decides this, Mrs. Wilcox is going to take the  
girl away.

VIENNA, February 6th.

Emperor Francis Joseph, in an autograph  
letter to Premier Von Taaffe, orders publicity  
even to the following proclamation: "My  
people—Overwhelmed with deep grief, I humbly  
bow my head before the inscrutable decree of  
divine Providence, appealing with my people to  
the Almighty to give me strength so that I may  
be able to fulfill the conscientious political and  
family duties as a ruler, but may keep before my  
eyes at that course of steadfast adherence which  
is necessary for the commonwealth the blessings of  
God. It has been a consolation to me during  
these days of bitter we to know that I was  
sustained by the heartfelt sympathy of my people,  
which I have received from all sides the most  
valuable tokens." The proclamation further  
expresses the heartfelt thanks of the Emperor  
and Empress and their sorely stricken daughter  
in-law for the sympathy accorded them, and  
concludes by asking God's help in the future and  
the co-operation of the Austrian subjects with  
the ruler to secure the welfare of their father  
land.

It is announced on authority that the Crown  
Princess Stefanie will return to Brussels, deeply  
grieved at the scandalous reports about the  
return to Crown Prince. She will accompany her  
parents, the King and Queen of the Belgians.

MADRID, February 6th.

The Senate has rejected the motion to raise  
the import duty on cereals.

BERLIN, February 6th.

A dispatch to the Frankfort *Zeitung* from  
some source says: In January Rudolph addressed  
himself directly to the Emperor without his father's  
knowledge to ask assistance in obtaining a  
divorce and authority to marry again. The  
Emperor sent the letter to the Empress, and the  
result was a serious rupture between the father  
and son, which probably unhinged the latter.

PARIS, February 6th.

The public feeling regarding the chances of  
the new Panama Canal Company is one of utter  
despondency. De Lesseps, in an interview, said  
that if all the 60,000 bonds issued through the  
enterprise Parisienne are not taken the enterprise  
must be abandoned, and a foreign nation would,  
for a morsel of bread, get the gigantic work,  
which is nearly finished, and upon which  
there are investments for America in the millions.  
He cannot would be completed, but neither by  
the French.

CHICAGO, February 6th.

The *Journal* puts the following headlines on  
the Samoan affairs: "A. Meek Acquiescence,  
Secretary Bayard Gently Turns the Other Cheek  
to Germany to Slap Bismarck's Impudent  
reproposition for a Conference at Berlin on Samoa  
Agreed to."

LONDON, February 6th.

The *Daily News* commenting on the Samoan  
situation says: Prince Bismarck has disregarded  
his obligations to Great Britain in the most  
flagrant manner, and Count Herbert Bismarck's  
insolent and unbecomingly friendly attitude is in  
direct violation of the obligations of a German  
ambassador to recompense us or our Australian  
colonies. The policy of subservience to Germany  
which procures us no appreciable advantages, is  
neither a triumph of diplomatic skill nor a salve  
to national pride.

Notwithstanding the strenuous denials of the  
statement, it is still affirmed that Archduke  
Carl Louis has renounced his right to the  
Austrian throne, to which he now stands  
second. It is also declared that the chief  
reason for doing this was to avoid dissension  
among his sons. All this, however, is only  
conjecture, for it is clear that no official  
statement concerning the Austrian throne yet  
made while there is still a possibility of a  
contingency arising which might present a new heir.  
There are several such contingencies which  
command at least legal recognition, however  
improbable actually. A son might yet be born  
to the Crown Princess Stefanie to succeed to  
Rudolph's title, or another son might yet be born  
to Emperor Franz Josef by Empress Elizabeth,  
or possibly the Empress might die first and the  
Emperor might marry again. Beside these there  
is, of course, a chance of the Salfic law being  
declared null and void in Austria, so that the  
imperial title of Rudolph might legally  
devolve on the Empress of Austria as well as the Queen of Hungary.  
In the mean time, Archduke Franz, a bitter  
enemy of Italy and a friend of the Vatican,  
stands as the heir presumptive.

The death is announced at Rome of Cardinal  
Adam Sedgewick, formerly Primate of Poland and  
Archbishop of Poznan. He was imprisoned by  
Bismarck, but released on a promise to reside  
abroad.

GLASGOW, February 7th.

The owners of the "Glen" line of steamers  
declared today that they believe the steamer sunk by the  
British bark *Largo Bay* or *Beachy Head* on Mon  
day was the *Glen*. The *Glen* was a small steamer  
carried a crew of fifty-four men, but the *Glen* had  
seventy men, and was bound from Liverpool  
to London. She was last reported as having  
passed Prawle Point on Monday. It is  
ascertained beyond doubt that she was the  
vessel sunk. She was a three-masted iron screw  
steamer of 1,900 tons. Her crew of fifty  
men men included twenty-eight Chinamen. A  
passenger was missing at the time of the accident.  
The ship was falling so thickly that it was im  
possible for the look-out on either vessel to see  
the other. The collision was inevitable.  
The *Glen* forged ahead trying  
to cross the *Largo Bay*'s bow, but failed, and  
ran at full speed into the bark, demolishing ten  
feet of her bow. The *Largo Bay* would also  
have sunk had she not been provided with  
water-tight sections. The crew of the bark saw  
nothing further of the steamer, but could make  
out her crew struggling in the water. It was  
impossible, however, to render them any assist  
ance, all of the *Largo Bay*'s boats being  
crushed. The wind blew with such force that  
the sails of the bark were torn to shreds and a  
large portion of the cargo was lost.

VIENNA, February 7th.  
The following is another account of the circumstances attending the death of the Crown Prince Rudolph: Rudolph had courted Baroness Marie Vetsera for four months. The liaison, it is stated, was encouraged by Countess Walseersee, niece of the Empress. Marie, who was a romantic disposition and nervous temperament, was devoted to Rudolph. On January 18th the pair started for Meyering, where they spent the next day together. On the morning of January 30th the two were found dead in bed. Rudolph had been shot through the forehead. Rudolph also had been shot as already described. It was evident that the two had resolved to die together. The coverlet was strewn with flowers. The body of Marie was secretly taken to a hospital and thence removed for interment. The rest of the family went to Vienna on Saturday.

LONDON, February 7th.  
A dispatch from Rome to the *Daily News* relative to the late Crown Prince Rudolph says: "The first telegram received at the Vatican simply announced the death of Rudolph. To this telegram the Pope himself wrote a four-line reply—'God has taken his servant, the worthy, the Pope himself hardly able to hold a pen for the shock.' On the day a long telegram told how Rudolph had agreed to decide a quarrel by a duel with dice, which he had lost, and, in compliance with the terms of the contest, he had taken his own life. His Holiness immediately summoned a conclave of Cardinals. After a long discussion it was decided that only one deranged could have entered into such a duel. This decision arrived at, permission to bury the dead prince with religious rites was granted. Emperor Francis Joseph received the news with the deepest sympathy, and sent a despatch in reply saying his Holiness had spared him the greatest grief. The Emperor's Typhus fever has broken out in Doboka, Hungary, and is rapidly spreading. Ten persons have already died from the disease. In addition the fever, the inhabitants are suffering greatly through the failure of the potato crop.

A great fire is raging on Ward's wharf, at Lambeth. Adjacent to the wharf are several large oil and timber warehouses, all of which are great danger.

BERLIN, February 7th.  
Count William Bismarck has appointed his eldest son to the post of President of the province of Hanover.

MADRID, February 8th.  
A fire occurred last night in the Military Hospital. There were 500 patients in the building, who became panic-stricken. Many were unable to help themselves, and the nurses and doctors devoted themselves to the task of removing them from the burning structure. The Governor of Madrid hurried to the scene and ordered several men suffering from contagious diseases to the barracks. One wing of the hospital was destroyed, but no deaths are reported.

MONTREAL, February 8th.  
The present storm is the biggest ever known in this part of Canada. Traffic is practically at a standstill. Passenger trains have been snowed out for ten to thirty-six hours. No trains are running, except two through trains to Quebec and New York. Seventeen hundred passengers are on these two trains.

ST. PETERSBURG, February 8th.  
It is stated that Count Tolstolai has tendered his resignation as Minister of the Interior and it is now accepted by the Czar.

ZANZIBAR, February 8th.  
The agent of the East Africa Company succeeded in obtaining the release of the Catholic missionaries recently captured by the insurgents by the payment of a ransom to the Sultan.

PARIS, February 8th.  
Angry at a personal and sarcastic article in *le Biaz*, the poet Catulle Mendes challenged the writer, Le Blanc. The two fought with words, and Le Blanc was wounded twice on the eye lipper lip.

The attempt of the Banque Parisienne to found a new company has failed, despite the extension of the date for the issue of the new Panama Canal shares to-day touched off, soon the report that Brunet, the official liquidator of the old company, was negotiating with the Credit Foncier.

Boulogne, in an interview to-day, declared that his programme was the adoption of the American Constitution, but with a ten-years' presidency; the formation of a State council, and are submit laws to a non-deliberative national council of 500 members, half to be elected by universal suffrage and half chosen by the provinces, and the granting of limited local government by the provinces.

ROME, February 8th.  
The fears recently entertained by the authorities that an outbreak would occur among the thousands of unemployed men in this city were realized to-day. This morning a great crowd of unemployed working men assembled in the streets, and, led by the Vindicta and other gangs, went, and, in some cases, entering stores and carrying off whatever plunder they could secure. Street lamps and windows were smashed by the mob and on the Via Frattina a number of buildings were partly wrecked. Several collisions occurred between the police and workmen and a number of persons were injured. Several of the ringleaders among the rioters were arrested. The troops are forming a cordon round the district. Thirty persons, mostly policemen, were dangerously wounded during the riot. It is feared that the trouble will be repeated to-morrow.

The rioters tried to reach the Quirinal, the offices of the Cabinet Ministers and the Vatican, but were prevented by troops. An immense amount of property was wrecked.

LONDON, February 8th.  
Since the arrival of Charley Mitchell, in England he and Jen Smith have been saying unpleasant things about each other. This afternoon a conference took place and the preliminaries were arranged for what promises to be a genuine match between Mitchell and Smith, as well as between Jen and Kilrain. The match is to be fought to a finish, on London racing rules, next October or November, for £1,000 a side. Mitchell is to box Smith ten rounds for £1,000 a side, and the boxing championship of the world, in London or the provinces, for £250 is to be posted next week.

The theatre, at Aldershot, was burned to the ground to-night. The performance was in progress when the fire broke out, and the audience became panic-stricken, and a mad rush for the doors ensued. In the struggle to get to the theatre many persons were trampled upon and injured, and two were a number of narrow escapes from death.

A terrific snow-storm is raging in Scotland, the telegraph wires are prostrated. The bark *Theresa Dehrend* has been wrecked at Texel, and persons were drowned, including the captain and his family.

Heavy gales are again raging on the English and Irish coasts. A building fell near Bolton to-day, crushing a number of cottages and killing six persons. At Pembroke a ferry-boat capsized and nine persons were drowned.



one another too much. Forgive me, and farewell. Your unhappy Marie. P. S.—Bratish whistled admirably last night.

The *Figaro* adds:—The Crown Prince actually asked the Emperor to allow him to renounce his rights to the throne in order to marry the Baroness Versera, morganatically. When the Emperor refused he informed the Baroness of his father's decision, and they resolved to die together.

The Samsan conference will open in a few days. Lord Ch. is despatched to Berlin in connection with this matter.

BERLIN, February 8th.

The recall of the American Consul, General Sewall, has produced an excellent impression here. The papers urge the necessity for the recall of the English Consul also, alleging that he contributed largely to the trouble. The three Powers might then be represented by other trustworthy agents, who would assist in bringing about a friendly settlement.

General Kalakontski, artillery specialist, is dead.

PARIS, February 9th.

De Freycinet, Minister of War, has issued a circular in which he reminds French officers and soldiers that political demonstrations by troops are forbidden and will be repressed.

The Free Masons, who always have been bitter opponents of Boulanger and his method of saving the country, on Thursday night black-balled Laguerre and Lalou's partisans, in the most forcible way. They were thrown down stairs at the Masonic Temple, and were only rescued by the police from a mob of Masons crying "Vive la Commune!"

Many rumors are current about the General's petition for divorce. The civil courts having refused to release him from the bonds, it is said De Cassagnac and the monarchists are interfering for the unhappy husband at Rome. In the meantime Mme. Boulanger threatens to return to the conjugal bed and board.

LONDON, February 9th.

A furious gale prevailed in the English channel all last night, and the weather is bitterly cold. A number of small wrecks are reported. The gale continues. Telegraphic communication is interrupted and a number of houses have been blown down. In Scotland a heavy snowstorm prevails and railways are blocked. All along the coast there have been numerous wrecks. A bark was lost off Grimsby and all hands were drowned.

ROME, February 9th.

A panicky feeling prevails here owing to riotous demonstrations by unemployed working men. The stores opened early, but soon closed. This forenoon 300 working men assembled in the Piazza Dante, and a number charged and dispersed them. A large number of arrests of disorderly persons have been made. Detachments of infantry have been placed on guard at the banks and large buildings. The Government is taking the strongest measures to repress the demonstrations. It is raining heavily.

In the Chamber of Deputies Signor Bonhi and other members censured the authorities in connection with the labor riots. Prime Minister Crispi, replying, blamed the Commissioner of Public Safety for culpable lack of presence of mind. He announced that he had given stringent orders to prevent all meetings of working men. The Government, he said, was aware some time ago that the present agitation would occur either in February or March. Hinting that the Socialists were at the bottom of the trouble, Signor Crispi said the Government would know how to do its duty.

CHICAGO, February 9th.

A special from Washington says: The dying Administration has another legacy of foreign complications for its successor to disentangle. It transpires that Minister Phelps is expected in this city within a few days and that after his arrival the President will send to Congress a full history of the Sackville incident and the complications growing out of it. This statement is made on the authority of Assistant Secretary of State Rivers, who was also asked if it is true that this Government has received official information of the refusal of Lord Salisbury to appoint a new Minister to Washington while Cleveland remains President. The diplomatic secretary refused to answer, but there is no doubt that Salisbury has refused, and in some rather caustic correspondence he has given this Government the reason for his decision. President Cleveland also has a great deal of feeling on the subject and is expected to add to the mass of interesting correspondence some sharp comments of his own. He is said privately to take the refusal of Salisbury to send a Minister here during Cleveland's term as a personal insult, though, of course, he will, in his public comments, assume it to be the nature of an affront to the United States Government. Cleveland has already developed in this Sackville affair a tendency toward considering himself and his political fortunes the embodiment of the dignity of the nation and there is no reason to expect that he will, in this hour of bitterness, be less modest or more generous. The President's message to Congress transmitting all correspondence which has passed between the two Governments, both before and after Sackville's recall, will reach the Capital late in the session as to leave all the difficulties growing out of it for the next Administration to cope with. It is possible that Cleveland's rancor and personal humiliation may lead to an international complication requiring all the firmness and skill of President Harrison and Secretary of State Blaine to smooth away.

No information has been received at the State Department in regard to the appointment of a British Minister to this country. The department, however, has been informed that Mr. Edwards, first secretary of legation at Washington, who has been in London for some time past, has sailed from England for this country. On his arrival in this country he will assume charge of the affairs of the legation and relieve Mr. Herbert, second secretary, who has been in charge since the departure of Lord Sackville in November last. His return at this particular time is understood by certain officials to mean that there is no immediate prospect of the appointment of a successor to Lord Sackville.

BERLIN, February 10th.

Eight workmen were killed near Halle to-day by a passing train.

ROME, February 10th.

The value of plunder secured by the mob in the recent riot is estimated at 275,000. The Government possesses evidence that anarchist leaders fomented the agitation.

ZANZIBAR, February 10th.

News has been received from Lake Nyassa to December 10th. Lugard was still holding Karonga with a greatly reduced garrison, including six Europeans, the remainder having fled owing to ill health. The Sultan's commissioner had nearly arranged peace with the Arabs. The lake missionaries were all well. Kilwa and Lindi are still in the hands of the insurgents. Kilwa is completely stocked. The ransoming of the German missionaries was due to the mediation of French missionaries. It is rumored that, under British pressure, the Sultan has mulcted Pemba Arabs of the fine of \$12,000 for complicity in the escape of Lieutenant Cooper's murderers. Karl Tuppen, an employe of the German Viti Company, has arrived in Zanzibar. He is seeking aid in acquiring the Viti territory. The new Sultan of Viti strongly opposes German encroachments.

It is reported that Herr Tuppen has proclaimed the Lame Islands a German possession.

PARIS, February 10th.

Delegates from the socialist revolutionary societies to-day proceeded to the residences of Chamber of Deputies, and Leroy, President of the Senate, leaving at each house a copy of resolutions, demanding the reduction of daily working hours, the fixing of minimum rates of wages to correspond with the minimum expenses of workmen in each locality, the prohibition of manual labor by piece work, etc. Extensive police precautions were taken, but no disturbance of any kind occurred. The delegates declared their intention to wait upon Floquet and the president of the parliamentary bodies on February 24th to receive their replies.

It is expected that the Chamber will pass the Scrutin d'Arrondissement bill to-morrow. The real issue between the Cabinet and the opposition will be fought on the revision scheme on Thursday. The fate of the Ministry is doubtful.

LONDON, February 10th.

The Berlin correspondent of the *Chronicle* says that Pendleton, American Minister to Germany, will preside at the coming Samoan conference.

The report that Cardinal Ledochowski, Primate of Poland, had died at Rome, was erroneous. His condition was critical, but he is now recovering rapidly.

Snow continues to fall through the south of England and in Wales. On the coasts heavy gales prevail, and a number of shipping disasters are reported. Telegraphic communication is interrupted.

Snow storms also prevail throughout France and Germany, blocking the railways and interrupting telegraphic communication.

Kent, landlord of the Gloucester Hotel at Swansea, was killed by a burglar this morning. He retired with his wife at a late hour after locking all the doors, including those of his own bedroom. Early this morning his wife heard a man's voice in the room and saw a negro in the act of lighting a candle. She awoke her husband and he immediately grappled with the intruder, while his wife took a pistol from under the pillow. As it was too dark to take aim, she lit a candle. She then aimed and fired, and the negro fell, wounded in the thigh. Cursing the woman he crept under the bed, but as she was unlocking the door he emerged, and, seizing a mirror, threw it at her. It missed her but extinguished the light, and the negro succeeded in escaping. When she relighted the candle she discovered that her husband's throat and stomach had been cut with a razor. Kent lived long enough to describe the murderer. The alarm was raised, and about noon the negro was discovered at the dry dock. He is a seaman named Tom Allen, and was badly wounded and covered with blood. Allen confessed, and said his motive was robbery. He concealed himself in the room before the house was closed on Saturday night.

NEW YORK, February 11th.

A cablegram announces the death of Cardinal John Baptist Pitta, second in rank in the Sacred College.

John Baptist Pitta was born at Champagnuel, France, August 31, 1812. He embraced the ecclesiastical profession at an early age, and after teaching rhetoric in the academy of his native town became a Benedictine monk in the Abbey of Salerne. He devoted himself to the study of church antiquities, and after publishing several elaborate works, he was summoned to Rome to prepare a treatise on the ancient and modern canons of the Oriental churches, which was printed by the Sacred Congregation of the Propaganda in 1864. Don Pitta was appointed a member of that congregation in 1862 and created a Cardinal on March 16, 1863. He held the office of "Librarian of the Holy Roman Church."

GLASGOW, February 11th.

A reception was given here this evening in honor of Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Chamberlain. After some remarks on the relations between England and America, Chamberlain said there never was a time when it was possible to recognize anything in the shape of separate nationalities in America. "If we should follow the American system," he said, "we would have to cut up the United Kingdom into twenty or thirty bits and award a parliament to each. This, perhaps, would not be dangerous, but it certainly would not be economical."

LATE TELEGRAMS.

ST. PET. RSBURG, February 18th.

A telegram from Chardju states that the Amir remains inactive at Mazra-sharif, and that no military preparations are being made by him. The telegram adds that trade across the Russo-Afghan frontier has been resumed.

ROME, February 18th.

The Opposition in the Chamber is making persistent endeavours to pass a vote of censure on Signor Crispi. The Chamber to-day again passed a vote of confidence in the Premier in connection with the military administration of the country.

MADRID, February 19th.

Judgment was delivered to-day in a case in which six Sepoys were charged with rioting. A large number of Sepoys had taken part in a riot at night, and the case hinged upon the question of identification. The Magistrate had some doubt whether the prisoners were present at the riot and acquitted them, remarking that a strong patrol should always be in readiness for such cases.

BERLIN, February 19th.

Herr Von Boetticher, Imperial Secretary of State for the Interior, in opening a Trade Congress here to-day, made a speech in the course of which he referred to the political situation, and said that there was no reason to apprehend that the peace of Europe was in danger of being disturbed at present.

LONDON, February 20th.

At yesterday's sitting of the Parnell Commission Mr. Houston, who was the intermediary between Mr. Pigott and the *Times*, testified to the former having sent letters from Parnell (Parnell's Town, which he believed were obtained from extreme men there. On being cross-examined he admitted having destroyed all Pigott's letters, and said that he knew Pigott had written some compromising letters to Mr. Parnell's solicitors.

ADEN, February 21st.

It is reported here that a French cruiser has bombarded Sgalla and wounded five Cossocks of the Russian religious mission to Abyssinia, and has brought the rest as prisoners to Obok.

PARIS, February 21st.

An auxiliary Copper Company has been formed in Paris in order to sup. the Copper Syndicate, with a capital of forty million francs.

LONDON, February 23rd.

Mr. Pigott, in his evidence before the Parnell Commission yesterday, denied that he had forged the famous Parnell letters, which he swore he had purchased from a Fenian named Murphy in Paris. He further testified that under oath of the secrecy, he had narrated interviews which he had had with Fenians to Messrs. Labouchere, Parnell, and Lewis, who threatened and cajoled him to induce him to avow that he had forged the letters. Mr. Pigott was unable to remember that he had written to Archbishop Walsh offering to assist him in archbishops Mr. Parnell's assassinations. An original letter of Mr. Pigott's was thereupon produced in Court.

Scott's Emulsion of Pure Cod Liver Oil with Hypophosphates acts, both as food and medicine. It not only gives flesh and strength by virtue of its own nutritious properties, but creates an appetite for food that builds up the wasted body. Read the following:—"Scott's Emulsion is in my opinion an excellent and valuable compound. I have given it to consumptive patients and have been delighted with the results obtained. It is pleasant to the taste and can be borne by the most sensitive stomach."—E. A. Rodway, M.D., Butter-Knowle, Darlington. Any Chemist can supply it.—A. S. Watson & Co. (Limited), agents in Hongkong and China.—(Adv.)

## Today's Advertisements.

HONGKONG JOCKEY CLUB.

MEMBERS are invited to attend at the Chamber of Commerce Room, City Hall, TO-MORROW AFTERNOON, at 5 P.M., when the presentation of the address and testimonial to Mr. H. J. H. TRIPP will take place.

By Order,  
M. GROTE,  
Acting Clerk of Course.

Hongkong, 13th March, 1889. [327]

FOR SINGAPORE AND PENANG.

THE Steamship.

"APENRADE."

Captain Hohlmann, will be despatched for the above Ports, on SATURDAY, the 16th instant, at NOON.

For Freight or Passage, apply to  
GEO. R. STEVENS & Co.,  
Hongkong, 13th March, 1889. [324]

INDO-CHINA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LIMITED.

FOR SINGAPORE, PENANG, AND CALCUTTA.

THE Company's Steamship.

"TAISANG."

Captain Jackson, will be despatched as above on TUESDAY, the 19th March, at 3 P.M.

This Steamer has Superior First Class Accommodation, specially constructed to meet the requirements of tropical climates.

For Freight or Passage, apply to  
JARDINE, MATHESON & Co.,  
General Managers.  
Hongkong, 13th March, 1889. [325]

OCCIDENTAL AND ORIENTAL STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

NOTICE.

CONSIGNEES OF CARGO per Steamship "OCEANIC."

The above Steamer having arrived, Consignees of Cargo are hereby requested to send in their Bills of Lading for Countersignature, and to take immediate delivery of their Goods from alongside.

Cargo impeding the discharge of the Vessel will be landed and stored at Consignees' risk and expense.

CHS. D. HARMAN,  
Agent.  
Hongkong, 13th March, 1889. [326]

COMMENCING TUESDAY, the 13th March.

AMY SHERWIN, the distinguished PRIMA DONNA of COVENT GARDEN, HER MAJESTY'S CRISTAL PALACE, &c., London.

Acknowledged by Press and Public to be the most accomplished Lyric Artist who ever visited the East, supported by her ENGLISH OPERA COMPANY.

OPENING NIGHT, Flotow's Charming Opera "MARTHA."

Reserved Seats for opening night can now be booked at Messrs. KELLY & WALSH'S, LD. Prices as usual.

HUGO GORLITZ, Manager.  
Hongkong, 13th March, 1889. [326]

SALE BY PUBLIC AUCTION OF VALUABLE LEASEHOLD PROPERTIES.

SITUATE AT VICTORIA, ON TUESDAY, the 19th March, 1889, at 3 P.M., on the Premises, DESCRIPTION.

Lot 1.—A Portion of the Piece of GROUND Registered in the LAND OFFICE, as Section C of INLAND LOT No. 113, containing an area of 646 Square feet, with ONE 3-STORIED HOUSE thereon, known as No. 50, GRAHAM STREET.

Lot 2.—Another Portion of Section C of INLAND LOT No. 113, containing an area of 617 Square feet, with ONE 3-STORIED HOUSE thereon, known as No. 51, GRAHAM STREET.

Lot 3.—Another Portion of Section C of INLAND LOT No. 113, containing an area of 821 Square feet, with ONE 3-STORIED HOUSE thereon, known as No. 54, GRAHAM STREET.

Lot 4.—A Portion of INLAND LOT No. 113, containing an area of 686 Square feet, with ONE 3-STORIED HOUSE thereon, known as No. 1, TSUN WING LANE.

Lot 5.—Another Portion of INLAND LOT No. 113, containing an area of 646 Square feet, with ONE 3-STORIED HOUSE thereon, known as No. 2, TSUN WING LANE.

Lot 6.—Another Portion of INLAND LOT No. 113, containing an area of 706 Square feet, with ONE 3-STORIED HOUSE thereon, known as No. 3, TSUN WING LANE.

Lot 7.—A Piece of GROUND registered in the LAND OFFICE, as the Remaining Portion of INLAND LOT No. 60, containing an area of 450 Square feet, with ONE 3-STORIED HOUSE thereon, known as No. 2, GOUGH STREET.

Lot 8.—A Piece of GROUND registered in the LAND OFFICE, as the Remaining Portion of Section G of INLAND LOT No. 60, with ONE 3-STORIED HOUSE thereon, known as No. 15, ABERDEEN STREET.

The Properties are Sold for all the residues of the terms of years created by the Crown Leases thereof respectively.

For further Particulars, apply to  
HOW WYSON,  
Solicitor,  
61, Queen's Road Central;  
J. M. ARMSTRONG,  
Auctioneer,  
Queen's Road Central.  
Hongkong, 13th March, 1889. [328]

PERSEVERANCE LODGE OF HONGKONG, No. 1165.

A REGULAR MEETING of the above LODGE will be held in FREEMASON'S HALL, Zealand Street, on SATURDAY, the 16th inst., at 8.30 for 9 P.M. precisely.

Hongkong, 13th March, 1889. [329]

## Today's Advertisements.

FOR MANILA, VIA AMOY.

THE Spanish Steamer

"DON JUAN,"

Captain Marquez, will be despatched for the above Ports, TO-MORROW, the 14th instant, at 4 P.M., instead of as previously notified.

For Freight or Passage, apply to  
BRANDAO & Co.,  
Agents.  
Hongkong, 13th March, 1889. [331]

U. S. MAIL LINE.

PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

THROUGH TO NEW YORK, VIA OVERLAND RAILWAYS, AND TOUCHING AT YOKOHAMA, AND SAN FRANCISCO.

THE U. S. Mail Steamship.

"CITY OF RIO DE JANEIRO,"

will be despatched for San Francisco, 1/4 Yokohama, on SUNDAY, the 31st March, at DAYLIGHT, taking Passengers and Freight for Japan, the United States and Europe.

Through Bills of Lading issued for transportation to Yokohama and other Japan Ports; to San Francisco, and Atlantic and Inland Cities of the United States via Overland Railways, to Havana, Trinidad, and Demerara, and to ports in Mexico, Central and South America, by the Company's and connecting Steamers.

Through Passage Tickets granted to England, France, and Germany by all trans-Atlantic lines of Steamers.

First-class Fares granted as follows:—  
To San Francisco.....\$200.00  
To San Francisco and return.....\$350.00  
To Liverpool.....\$35.00  
To London.....\$30.00

To other European Ports at proportionate rates. Special reduced rates to Officers of the Army, Navy, Civil Service, and the Imperial Chinese Customs, to be obtained on application.

Passengers by this line have the option of proceeding Overland by the Southern Pacific and Connecting Lines, Central Pacific, Northern Pacific or Canadian Pacific Railways.

Passengers, who have paid full fare, re-embarking at San Francisco for China or Japan (or vice versa) within one year will be allowed a discount of 10 per cent. This allowance does not apply to through fares from China and Japan to Europe.

Freight will be received on board until 4 P.M. the day previous to sailing. Parcel Packages will be received at the Office until 3 P.M. same day; all Parcel Packages should be marked to address in full; value of same is required.

Consular Invoices to accompany Cargo destined to Ports beyond San Francisco, in the United States, should be sent to the Company's Offices in Sealed Envelopes, addressed to the Collector of Customs at San Francisco.

For further information as to Passage and Freight, apply to the Agency of the Company, No. 30A, Queen's Road Central.

C. D. HARMAN,  
Agent.  
Hongkong, 13th March 1889. [330]

Masonic.

ZETLAND LODGE, No. 525.

AN EMERGENCY MEETING of the above LODGE will be held in FREEMASON'S HALL, Zealand Street, on FRIDAY NEXT, the 16th March, at 8.30 for 9 P.M. precisely. Visiting Brethren are cordially invited.

Hongkong, 12th March, 1889. [323]

Insurances.

EXAMPLES OF THE COST OF ASSURANCE TO A MAN AGED 30 NEXT BIRTHDAY.

£1,000 STG. payable at death, would cost at the rate of:—

£ 6 18 0 per quarter (a) If premiums are payable for whole of life.

or £ 9 11 6 (b) If premiums are limited to 20 years.

or £ 11 4 6 (c) If premiums are limited to 15 years.

or £ 13 0 0 (d) If the Sum Assured is made payable at age 50, or at death if previous.

The same provisions if commenced at age 40 n. b. would cost respectively:—(a) £ 8 15 0, (b) £ 11 15 0, (c) £ 13 24 0, (d) £ 27 08 0 per quarter.

Note.—It is an advantage to effect Provisions of this nature early in life. By delay the rate of subscription increases. Death may occur before the Provision is effected, or Health may fail and render the life ineligible for Assurance.

THE BORNEO COMPANY, LIMITED, Agents, Hongkong.

GENERAL NOTICE.

THE ON TAI INSURANCE COMPANY, (LIMITED).

CAPITAL TAELS 600,000. } \$833,333.33  
EQUAL TO .....  
RESERVE FUND ..... \$318,000.00.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS.

LEE SING, Esq. LO YUEN MOON, Esq.  
LOU TAO SHUN, Esq.

MANAGER—HO AMEL.

MARINE RISKS AND GOODS, &c., taken at CURRENT RATES to all parts of the world.

HEAD OFFICE, 8 & 9, PRAYA WEST.

Hongkong, 17th December, 1888. [338]

NOTICE.

THE MAN ON INSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED.

CAPITAL SUBSCRIBED.....\$1,000,000.

The above Company is prepared to accept MARINE RISKS at CURRENT RATES on GOODS, &c. Policies granted to all parts of the world payable at any of its Agencies.

WOO LIN YUEN, Secretary.

HEAD OFFICE, No. 15, QUEEN'S ROAD WEST.

Hongkong, 1st February, 1889. [339]

## Amusements.

MADAME KORFF

AND MDLLE. MAILLARD

will give another

ST. ANDREW'S HALL,

TO-MORROW EVENING,

the 14th March, 1889, at 9 P.M.

Under the Patronage of the General CAMERON.

PROGRAMME:

FIRST PART.

1.—Capriccio Brilliant.....MENDLSOHN.

Mrs. KORFF.

2.—Aria.....MDLLE. MAILLARD.

3.—Rondo Brilliant.....WEIER.

Mrs. KORFF.

4.—Across the far blue hills.

Marie.....BLUMENTHAL.

Mr. BEART.

5.—Duet—I've wandered in dreams.....J. A. WADE.

Mr. and Mrs. ROBINSON.

SECOND PART.

6.—Sonata, Op. 47.....BEETHOVEN.

Mrs. KORFF.

7.—The Skipper.....W. H. JUDE.

Mr. W. E. CROV.

8.—Aria.....MDLLE. MAILLARD.

9.—The Thorn.....SHIELD.

Mr. N. J. ROBINSON.

10.—Good bye.....DVK.

Mrs. DENSON.

THIRD PART.

11.—Scherzo.....CHOPIN.

Mrs. KORFF.

12.—Golden Land.....TITO MATTEI.

Mr. C. H. GRACE.

13.—Chanson.....WEIER.

MDLLE. MAILLARD.

Tickets to be had at Messrs. LANE, CRAWFORD & Co. and Messrs. KELLY & WALSH.—Price, \$2.



## Commercial.

## TO-DAY.

## THE SHARE MARKET.

For some time past the business on the Stock Exchange has been of such an extraordinary and unreliable character that we have refrained from commenting on it. Most of the leading stocks have been operated in rather extensively, but the "bulling" movement which for several days rushed prices up to ridiculously high figures has not been maintained, and in a quiet market quotations are gradually reaching something like a reasonable level. Banks have been placed at 166 and 165 per cent. premium, and are now fairly steady at 163. A goodly number of Dock shares have been taken up, chiefly at rates between 45 and 50 per cent. premium, the latest reliable quotation being about 48. Steamboats, after being rushed up to 229, experienced a sudden reaction, and are to-day freely offered at from 222 to 223. As was generally expected, China Sugars failed to maintain the high rate at which they were quoted, and are now apparently out of favour at 187. Luzons have also experienced a big reverse, dropping rapidly from 98 to as low as 85, but to-day there has again been a slight demand for shares. A few of the Tonquin Coal Co.'s shares have changed hands at very high rates—360 per cent. premium in one or two instances—but there is very little of this scrip on the market. The latest business reported was done at 335. Probably owing to a reported Chinese opposition, the Land Investment Co.'s shares gradually fell from 175 to as low as 140, a big business being done at intermediate rates. Another new venture, the Electric Light Co., has provided some sensational doings on a small scale. Before the allotment, sales of the scrip were made at as high as \$20 for \$2 paid-up shares, but a "scare" seems to have set in—at all events, as soon as the shares were apportioned the price quickly fell, and there are now sellers at \$8. Some reports have been current as to high rates of premium being on offer for the shares of the lately formed Fenwick & Co., Ltd., and of a new timber company, most of which are either purely fictitious or have to be swallowed with a very large grain of salt. Other quotations speak for themselves.

**CLOSING QUOTATIONS.**  
 Hongkong and Shanghai Bank—163 per cent. premium, sellers.  
 Union Insurance Society of Canton—\$110 per share, sellers.  
 China Traders' Insurance Company—\$80 per share, sellers.  
 North China Insurance—Tls. 200 per share, buyers.  
 Canton Insurance Company, Limited—\$115 per share, sellers.  
 Yangtze Insurance Association—Tls. 100 per share, sellers.  
 Chinese Insurance Company—\$160 per share, sellers.  
 On Tai Insurance Company, Limited—Tls. 150, per share, sellers.  
 Hongkong Fire Insurance Company—\$370 per share, sellers.  
 China Fire Insurance Company—\$85 per share, sellers.  
 Hongkong and Whampoa Dock Company—48 per cent. premium, sellers.  
 Hongkong, Canton, and Macao Steamboat Co.—\$222 per share, buyers.  
 China and Manila Steam Ship Company—172 per share, sellers.  
 Hongkong Gas Company—\$135 per share, sellers.  
 Hongkong Hotel Company—\$180 per share, ex div., buyers.  
 Indo-China Steam Navigation Company, Limited—par, sellers.  
 Douglas Steamship Company—\$73 per share, buyers.  
 China Sugar Refining Company, Limited—\$187 per share, sellers.  
 Luzon Sugar Refining Company, Limited—\$86 per share, sales and buyers.  
 Hongkong Ice Company—\$92 per share, sellers.  
 Hongkong and China Bakery Company, Limited—\$80 per share, buyers.  
 Hongkong Dairy Farm Co., Limited—\$124 per share, sellers.  
 A. S. Watson & Co., Limited—100 per cent. premium, sellers.  
 Chinese Imperial Loan of 1884 B—2½ per cent. premium, sellers.  
 Chinese Imperial Loan of 1884 C—5 per cent. premium, buyers.  
 Chinese Imperial Loan of 1886 E—11 per cent. premium, buyers.  
 Hongkong Rope Manufacturing Company, Limited—\$120 per share, sales.  
 Perak Tin Mining and Smelting Company—\$5 per share, nominal.  
 Punjom and Sunghie Du Samantan Mining Co.—\$45 per share, sellers.  
 Hongkong and Kowloon Wharf and Godown Company—95 per cent. premium, sellers.  
 Tonquin Coal Mining Co.—335 per cent. premium, sales.  
 The Hongkong High-Level Tramway Co., Limited—210 per cent. premium, sellers.  
 The East Borneo Planting Co., Limited—\$45 per share, sellers.  
 The Seng Koyah Planting Co., Ltd.—\$40 per share, sellers.  
 Crickbank & Co., Ltd.—\$45 per share, sellers.  
 The Steam Launch Co., Limited—100 per cent. premium, nominal.  
 The Austin Arms Hotel and Building Co., Ltd.—20 per cent. div., buyers.  
 The China-Borneo Co., Ltd.—\$65 per share, sellers.  
 The Green Island Cement Co.—\$60 per share, buyers.  
 The Hongkong Land Investment Co., Ltd.—\$140 per share, sales and sellers.  
 The Hongkong Electric Light Co., Ltd.—\$8 per share, sales and sellers.

## EXCHANGE.

ON LONDON.—Bank T. T. .... 2/11½  
 Bank Bills, on demand ..... 3/0  
 Bank Bills, at 30 days' sight ..... 3/0  
 Bank Bills, at 4 months' sight ..... 3/0  
 Credits at 4 months' sight ..... 3/0  
 Documentary Bills, at 4 months' sight ..... 3/0  
 ON PARIS.—  
 Bank T. T. .... 71½  
 Private, 30 days' sight ..... 71½

## OPIUM MARKET.—THIS DAY.

NEW MALWA, per picul ..... \$330  
 (allowance, Tals 68).  
 OLD MALWA, per picul ..... \$550 to \$580  
 (allowance, Tals 68).  
 NEW PATNA (first choice) per chest ..... \$170  
 NEW PATNA (bottom) per chest ..... \$177  
 NEW PATNA (second choice) per chest ..... \$165  
 NEW BENGAL (bottom) per chest ..... \$145  
 NEW BENGAL (best quality) per picul ..... \$155  
 OLD PERSIAN (best quality) per picul ..... \$160  
 OLD PERSIAN (second quality) per picul ..... \$175

## MAILS EXPECTED.

**THE FRENCH MAIL.**  
 The Messageries Maritimes Co.'s steamer *Anadyr*, with the next French mail, left Saigon on the 11th instant, at 8 a.m., and may be expected here on or about the 14th.  
**THE CANADIAN MAIL.**  
 The Canadian Pacific S. S. Co.'s steamer *Abyssinia*, with the Canadian mail, from Vancouver on the 10th ultimo, left Yokohama on the 7th instant for Nagasaki, Shanghai and Hongkong.

## STEAMERS EXPECTED.

The Ben line steamer *Benary* left Singapore on the 7th instant, and is expected here on the 14th.  
 The Ocean Steamship Co.'s steamer *Titan*, from Liverpool, left Singapore on the 8th instant, and is expected here on the 15th.  
 The Ocean Steamship Co.'s steamer *Nutor*, from Liverpool, left Singapore on the 8th instant, and is due here on the 15th.  
 The China Shippers' Mutual S. N. Co.'s steamer *Ningchow*, from Glasgow and Liverpool, left Singapore for this port on the 10th instant, and may be expected here on or about the 17th.  
 The Glen line steamer *Glengyle*, from London, left Singapore on the 10th instant, and is due here on the 17th.

## Shipping.

**ARRIVALS.**  
 ALVINE, German steamer, 400, Samuelson, 12th March.—Haiphong 9th March, and Hoihow 11th March.—Wielor & Co.  
 VORWARRIS, German steamer, 612, T. Bruhn, 12th March.—Haiphong 9th March, Rice and General.—Wielor & Co.  
 PEKIN, British steamer, 2,133, H. P. Harris, 12th March.—Shanghai 9th March, Mails and General.—P. & O. S. N. Co.  
 SARTHE, French steamer, Lehnée, 13th March.—Hoihow 8th March, Sapanwood.—A. R. Marty.  
 KUTSANG, British steamer, 1,495, W. Young, 13th March.—Swatow 12th March, General.—Jardine, Matheson & Co.  
 KWANGLEE, Chinese steamer, 1,508, Lancaster, 13th March.—Shanghai 10th March, General.—C. M. S. N. Co.  
 OCEANIC, British steamer, 3,808, Jno. McCallie, 13th March.—San Francisco 13th Feb, and Yokohama 7th March, Mails and General.—C. & O. S. N. Co.  
 TAISSANG, British steamer, 1,505, Jackson, 13th March.—Calcutta, and Singapore 6th March, General.—Jardine, Matheson & Co.  
 NINGPOO, German steamer, 762, Schulz, 13th March.—Shanghai 9th March, General.—Siemssen & Co.  
 TRIUMPH, German steamer, 674, P. Moos, 13th March.—Saigon 8th March, Rice and General.—Wielor & Co.  
 FORMOSA, British steamer, 674, T. Hall, 13th March.—Tamsui, and Amoy 11th March, General.—D. Lapraik & Co.  
 HAITAN, British steamer, 1,183, T. G. Focock, 13th March.—Fochow 10th March, Amoy 11th, and Swatow 12th, General.—D. Lapraik & Co.  
 HYACINTH, British gunboat, 1,420, Captain W. A. Dyke-Acland, 13th March.—Honolulu 9th February.

**CLEARANCES AT THE HARBOUR OFFICE.**  
*City of Sydney*, American steamer, for Yokohama, &c.  
*Yasun*, British steamer, for Singapore, &c.  
*Don Juan*, Spanish steamer, for Amoy.

**DEPARTURES.**  
 March 13, *Dorset*, British str., for Shanghai.  
 March 13, *Yokohama*, German str., for Hoihow.  
 March 13, *Phra Chom Klao*, British str., for Swatow, &c.  
 March 13, *City of Sydney*, American str., for Yokohama, &c.  
 March 13, *Pekin*, British str., for Singapore, &c.  
 March 13, *Moray*, British str., for Shanghai.  
 March 13, *Trilior*, German str., for Rangoon.

**PASSENGERS—ARRIVED.**  
 Per *Pekin*, str., from Shanghai for Hongkong—Count D'Armoix and native servant, Mr. and Mrs. H. B. Morse, Messrs. Stempel, Kold, and 15 Chinese. For Bombay—Mrs. Benjamin and ayah. For London—Rev. and Mrs. Galpin and 5 children.  
 Per *Yasun*, str., from San Francisco, &c.—Miss H. V. Naves, Messrs. Hugh McCallum, A. Platt, and 89 Chinese.  
 Per *Triumph*, str., from Saigon.—16 Chinese.  
 Per *Taitung*, str., from Calcutta, &c.—Mrs. Jackson and children, Misses Phillips, Lathrop and Ward, and 600 Chinese.  
 Per *Ningpo*, str., from Shanghai.—Mr. Fleming, 2 Europeans and 25 Chinese.  
 Per *Formosa*, str., from Tamsui, &c.—Mr. Harding, and 3 Chinese.  
 Per *Haitan*, str., from Fochow, &c.—Mr. and Mrs. Covey, 4 children and 2 servants, Mr. and Mrs. Hornet, Messrs. Malkin, Buyers, Borneana, and 366 Chinese.  
 Per *Kutiang*, str., from Swatow.—Miss Santos, 4 Europeans and 48 Chinese (deck).  
 Per *Kwangle*, str., from Shanghai.—Mr. Stokes, and 100 Chinese.  
 Per *Alvina*, str., from Haiphong, &c.—Mr. A. Schomburg, and 143 Chinese.

**DEPARTED.**  
 Per *Alvina*, str., from Hongkong for Singapore, &c.—5 Chinese and 1 Japanese. For Penang.—Mrs. Lo Yang and child. For Bombay.—Messrs. A. Kaddarides, H. Tarmahmed, and Jafferbhoy Sheikh Tybally. For Port Said.—Mr. and Mrs. H. F. Williams, 3 children and servant. For London.—Dr. and Mrs. Montimer, 3 children and native servant, Sergeant Geo. Kemp, Messrs. Geo. Gordon and Miss A. Allison, From Yokohama for Colombo.—Mr. and Mrs. Hutchinson. From Shanghai for Bombay.—Mrs. Benjamin and ayah. For London—Rev. and Mrs. Galpin and 5 children.  
 Per *Yasun*, str., for Hoihow.—50 Chinese.  
 Per *Phra Chom Klao*, str., for Swatow, &c.—200 Chinese.  
 Per *City of Sydney*, str., for Yokohama.—Messrs. H. H. Joseph, Chas. Demer, and 3 Chinese (steering). For San Francisco.—Messrs. H. Weeks, W. Estrange, Lowther, James Whitty, and 19 Chinese (steering). For Liverpool.—Rev. and Mrs. Wm. Riddell, and Mr. James Sisals.

**TO DEPART.**  
 Per *Yasun*, str., for Singapore, &c.—1 European and 884 Chinese.  
 Per *Don Juan*, str., for Amoy.—2 Europeans and 40 Chinese.

**REPORTS.**  
 The British steamship *Taitung* reports that she left Singapore on the 6th instant. Had light north-east wind and fine weather.

The British steamship *Kutiang* reports that she left Swatow on the 12th instant. Had moderate north-east wind, dull and hazy weather.

The Chinese steamship *Kwangle* reports that she left Shanghai on the 10th instant. Had strong north-east wind and thick misty weather at times.

The German steamship *Ningpo* reports that she left Shanghai on the 12th instant. Had foggy and misty weather on the 9th; thence to this port had moderate northerly winds and heavy weather.

The German steamship *Triumph* reports that she left Saigon on the 8th instant. From Saigon to 21 deg. north, fine weather and south-east wind; thence to port had strong north-west and northerly wind and rain with thick weather.

The British steamship *Formosa* reports that she left Tamsui, and Amoy on the 11th instant. From Tamsui to Amoy had moderate south-west winds and fog. From Amoy to Lamook had light variable winds and clear weather; thence to port had westerly wind and fog.

The British steamship *Haitan* reports that she left Fochow at 1 p.m. on the 10th instant. During the passage had light north-east winds with drizzling rain and clear weather at intervals with smooth sea to Amoy. Left Amoy on the 11th. From Amoy to Swatow had calm and the weather the first part of the passage, and the latter part had light northerly breeze and foggy weather with smooth sea. Left Swatow on the 12th. From Swatow to port had strong northerly winds with thick misty rain and smooth sea. In Amoy, the steamships *Taitung*, *Zafro*, and *Changchew*.

The British steamship *Oceanic* reports that she left San Francisco on the 13th instant. Had strong north-west gale and heavy sea; thence had strong and moderate westerly gales and heavy sea until 36 hours from Yokohama; thence to port fine weather; arrived at Yokohama on the 6th instant at 2 p.m., and left again on the 7th at 4:30 p.m. Had light winds and fine weather for 40 hours. Off Toi Saki had a short strong gale from south-south-east, which veered to west with light winds; from Van Diemen's Straits to Turnabout had light north-westerly and northerly winds; thence to port moderate north-easterly winds and cloudy weather prevailed from Yokohama; arrived here to-day at 6:30 a.m., passage 5 days and 16 hours.

## Post Office.

**MAIL WILL CLOSE**  
 For Amoy and Manila.—Per *Don Juan*, to-morrow, the 14th instant, at 1:30 P.M.  
 For Haiphong.—Per *Vorwaris*, to-morrow, the 14th instant, at 5:00 P.M.  
 For Nagasaki, Kobe, and Yokohama.—Per *Ancona*, on Friday, the 15th instant, at 11:30 A.M.  
 For Straits Settlements.—Per *Apennine*, on Saturday, the 16th instant, at 11:30 A.M.  
 For Europe, &c.—Per *Scythia*, on Saturday, the 16th instant, at 5:00 P.M.  
 For Port Darwin, Thursday Island, Cooktown, Townsville, Brisbane, Sydney, Melbourne, Adelaide, &c.—Per *Guthrie*, on Tuesday, the 19th instant, at 1:30 P.M.  
 For Yokohama and San Francisco.—Per *Taitung*, on Tuesday, the 19th instant, at 2:30 P.M.  
 For Europe, &c., Australia, Madras, Calcutta, and Mauritius.—Per *Djemnah*, on Wednesday, the 20th instant, at 11:00 A.M.

## SHIPPING IN HONGKONG.

**STEAMERS.**  
 ANCONA, British steamer, 1,555, W. J. Webber, 11th March.—Yokohama 3rd March, Kobe 5th, and Nagasaki 7th, Mails and General. P. & O. S. N. Co.  
 APENNA, German steamer, 1,473, Hohlmann, 21st Jan.—Nagasaki 17th Jan, Coal—Wielor & Co.  
 ASHINGTON, German steamer, 809, Zindel, 11th March.—Saigon 7th March, Rice—Siemssen & Co.  
 CHANGSHA, British steamer, 1,505, Williams, 6th March.—Whampoa 6th March, General.—Butterfield & Swire.  
 CHINA, German steamer, 648, J. Möller, 26th Feb.—Hoihow 25th Feb, General.—Melchers & Co.  
 DECCAN, British steamer, 2,022, F. Cole, 11th March.—Bombay 21st February, and Singapore 6th March, General.—P. & O. S. N. Co.  
 DON JUAN, Spanish steamer, 654, José Marquer, 11th March.—Manila 8th March, General.—Brandão & Co.  
 FAME, British steamer, 117, A. Stopani.—Hongkong and Whampoa Dock Co.  
 FOKKEN, British steamer, 509, J. Lewis, 10th Feb.—Tamsui 7th Feb, Amoy 8th, and Swatow 9th, General.—D. Lapraik & Co.  
 GUTHRIE, British steamer, 1,467, H. Craig, 9th March.—Sydney 9th Feb, Cape Moreton 11th, Keppel Bay 13th, Townsville 14th, Cooktown 15th, Thursday Island 21st, and Port Darwin 27th, Coal and General.—Russell & Co.  
 JASON, British steamer, 1,411, J. Milligan, 12th March.—Kobe and Manila 2nd and Swatow 5th, General.—Butterfield & Swire.  
 PILOT FISH, British steamer, 161, A. Stopani.—Hongkong and Whampoa Dock Co.

**SAILING VESSELS.**  
 ADAM W. SPIES, American bark, 1,171, A. D. Field, and Jan.—Newcastle, N.S.W., 3rd Dec.—Coal.—Russell & Co.  
 ARON, Norwegian bark, 634, A. Christensen, 3rd March.—Rajang Borneo 3rd Feb, Timber.—Chinese.  
 CENTAUR, German bark, 469, Christiansen, 7th March.—Singapore 17th January, Timber.—Wielor & Co.  
 COLOMA, American bark, 852, C. M. Wages, 24th Dec.—Portland (Oregon) 2nd Nov.—Lumber and Spars.—Captain.  
 EWE, British bark, 779, W. Summers, 23rd Jan.—London 2nd October, General.—Melchers & Co.  
 EMPEROR, American ship, 1,075, T. S. Snow, 31st Feb.—New York 5th June, Kerosene Oil.—Russell & Co.  
 ERALONG, Chinese bark, 457, Opium Examining bulk, Stonecutters' Island.—Chinese Customs.

HECTANOGA, British ship, 1,044, H. F. Cann, 1st March.—Cardiff 19th October, Coal.—P. & O. S. N. Co.  
 LADY HANWOOD, British bark, 381, Williams, 12th March.—Rajang 7th February, Timber.—Chinese.  
 MERCURY, British schooner, 361, David Thomas, 4th Feb.—Fremantle 22nd Dec, Sandalwood.—Jardine, Matheson & Co.  
 FACTORY, American ship, Burnham, 28th Feb.—Shanghai 19th February, General.—Fusks & Co.

## STEAMERS EXPECTED IN HONGKONG.

STEAMERS	FROM	DATE DUE	AGENTS
Anadyr	Marseilles	March 14th	Messageries Maritimes
Benary	Singapore	March 14th	Gibb, Livingston & Co.
Titan	Liverpool	March 15th	Butterfield & Swire
Nutor	Liverpool	March 15th	Butterfield & Swire
Abyssinia	Vancouver	March 17th	Adamson, Bell & Co.
Ningchow	Liverpool	March 17th	Arnold, Karberg & Co.
Glengyle	London	March 17th	Jardine, Matheson & Co.

## STEAMERS LOADING IN HONGKONG.

DESTINATION	VESSELS	AGENTS	DATE OF LEAVING
London, via Suez Canal	Glenlyon	Jardine, Matheson & Co.	About March 15th.
London, via Suez Canal	Telamon	Butterfield & Swire	March 21st.
London & Liverpool, via S. C.	Oanfa	Arnold, Karberg & Co.	About March 15th.
Marseilles, via Saigon, &c.	Djemnah	Messageries Maritimes	Mar. 20th, at noon.
Bremen, via Ports of Call.	Sachsen	Melchers & Co.	Mar. 17th, at 10 a.m.
San Francisco, via Y'hama	City of Rio de Janeiro	Pacific Mail S. S. Co.	Mar. 31st, daylight.
Vancouver, B.C., via K., &c.	Abyssinia	Adamson, Bell & Co.	Mar. 23rd, at 1 p.m.
Sydney, Melbourne, &c.	Changsha	Russell & Co.	Mar. 19th, at 2 p.m.
Port Darwin, &c.	Taitang	Butterfield & Swire	Mar. 20th, at 4 p.m.
Calcutta, via Sunda	Memnon	Jardine, Matheson & Co.	Mar. 19th, at 3 p.m.
Singapore, via S'pakan, &c.	Apennine	Butterfield & Swire	Mar. 18th, at 4 p.m.
Singapore and Penang	Ancona	G. R. Stevens & Co.	Mar. 16th, at noon.
Yokohama, via N'aki, &c.	Benary	P. & O. S. N. Co.	Mar. 15th, at noon.
Kobe and Yokohama	Kailong	Gibb, Livingston & Co.	About March 15th.
Tientsin	Nutor	Butterfield & Swire	March 17th.
Shanghai	Ganges	P. & O. S. N. Co.	Quick despatch.
Shanghai, via Amoy	Titan	Butterfield & Swire	March 17th.
Manila, via Amoy	Don Juan	Brandão & Co.	To-morrow, at 2 p.m.
Haiphong	Vorwaerts	Arnold, Karberg & Co.	Mar. 15th, daylight.
Swatow, Amoy, &c.	Fokien	Douglas Lapraik & Co.	To-morrow, daylight.

## Intimations.

## INTIMATION.

**J. Blackhead & Co.,**  
 SHIP-CHANDLERS, SAIL-MAKERS,  
 AND  
 PROVISION MERCHANTS.  
 NAVY CONTRACTORS.  
 AND  
 GENERAL COMMISSION AGENTS.  
 No. 11, Praya Central.  
 (Opposite Paddar's Wharf).

**SOLE AGENTS**  
 for  
**RAHTJEN'S**  
**GENUINE**  
**COMPOSITION**  
 FOR  
 THE BOTTOMS OF IRON SHIPS  
 CARBOLINEUM AVENARIUS  
 PRESERVATIVE AGAINST  
 ROTTING, DECAY, &c., OF WOOD.  
 CHR. MOTZ & Co., BORDEAUX, CLARETS.  
 IMPERIAL CHAMPAGNE,  
 LA GRANDE MARQUE.

**FLENSBURG STOCKBEER,**  
 ENGINEERS AND BLACKSMITHS' TOOLS  
 AND EVERY KIND OF SHIP'S  
 STORES AND REQUISITES  
 ALWAYS IN STOCK  
 AT  
**REASONABLE PRICES.**  
 ALL KINDS OF  
**COALS**  
 SUPPLIED AT THE SHORTEST NOTICE.  
 Hongkong, 1st January, 1889.

**G. FALCONER & CO.,**  
 WATCH AND CHRONOMETER MANU-  
 FACTURERS AND JEWELLERS.  
 NAUTICAL INSTRUMENTS,  
 CHARTS AND BOOKS.  
 No. 48, Queen's Road Central.

**CHS. J. GAUPP & CO.,**  
 CHRONOMETER, WATCH, AND CLOCK-  
 MAKERS, JEWELLERS, SILVER-  
 SMITHS, AND OPTICIANS.  
 CHARTS AND BOOKS.  
 Sole Agents for Louis Audemars' Watches;  
 awarded the highest prizes at every Exhibition;  
 and for Voigtlander and Sohn's  
 CELEBRATED OPERA GLASSES,  
 MARINE GLASSES, and SPYGLASSES.  
 No. 1, Queen's Road Central.

**A. G. GORDON & CO.**  
 ENGINEERS, LAUNCH BUILDERS,  
 GENERAL AND GOVERNMENT  
 CONTRACTORS, IRONMONGERS, COM-  
 MISSION AGENTS, VALUATORS, IRON  
 AND TIMBER MERCHANTS.  
 WORKS:  
 BOWRINGTON, EAST POINT.  
 OFFICE:  
 CORNER OF PRINCE STREET AND PRAYA.  
**STEAM LAUNCH COMPANY, LIMITED.**  
 Hongkong, 3rd September, 1888.

**NOTICE.**  
**JEY'S SANITARY COMPOUNDS**  
**COMPANY, LIMITED.**  
 THE Undersigned have this day been  
 appointed SOLE AGENTS for the sale  
 of these PERFECT DISINFECTANTS, and  
 are prepared to supply quantities to suit  
 purchasers, at Wholesale Prices, Extra Special  
 terms for Shipping and large Orders.  
 S. R. ROBERT RAWLINGS, C.B., C.E., Chief  
 Sanitary Engineer, Local Government Board,  
 London, says:  
 "It is the best Disinfectant in use."  
**W. G. HUMPHREYS & Co.**  
 Bank Buildings.  
 Hongkong, 1st October, 1888.

## FOR SALE.

**SACCONES' SHERRY, PORT, CLARETS,**  
**BURGUNDY, HOCKS, CHAMPAGNES,**  
**BRANDIES, WHISKIES.**  
**"EMPIRE" ALE AND STOUT.**  
**MACHINERY, GAS ENGINES, "EMPIRE"**  
**SINGER'S SEWING MACHINES,**  
**COOKING STOVES, SCALES,**  
**PAINTS, OILS AND VARNISH,**  
**BICYCLES AND TRICYCLES,**  
**JUVENILE VELOCIPEDE HORSES and**  
**TRICYCLES.**  
**BICYCLE WHEELS for JINRICKSHAS.**  
**SODA WATER MACHINERY.**  
**JEY'S SANITARY COMPOUNDS.**  
 Apply to  
**W. G. HUMPHREYS & Co.,**  
 Bank Buildings.  
 Hongkong, 29th September, 1888.

**FOR SALE, WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.**  
**WATERBURY WATCHES,**  
 the Handiest, Cheapest, and Best  
 Time-keepers invented.  
**\$3 PRICE THREE DOLLARS EACH \$3**  
 REPAIRS NEVER EXCEED 50 CENTS  
 for each Watch.  
 Orders from Outports to be accompanied with  
 Remittance for Cost.  
**THE MITSUBI BUSSAN KAISHA**  
 (Sole Agents in Japan and China  
 for the Sale of the above Watches),  
 10, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL,  
 Opposite Marine House.  
 Hongkong, 20th August, 1888.

**HONGKONG TIMBER**  
**YARD, WANCHAI.**  
**OREGON PINE SPARS and LUMBER**  
 Always on Hand.  
**L. MALLORY.**  
 Hongkong, 24th June, 1888.

**GREEN ISLAND COMPANY, LIMITED.**  
**NOTICE.**  
 HOLDERS OF SHARES in this Company  
 which are not fully paid are requested  
 to pay up the balance, \$10 per Share, to C.  
 EWENS before the 15th instant.  
 On or before the 15th instant all Holders  
 of Shares in this Company can by application to  
 C. EWENS together with a payment of \$5 per  
 Share receive an allotment of one new Share in  
 the GREEN ISLAND CEMENT COMPANY, LIMITED  
 in respect of every two old Shares which they  
 hold in the GREEN ISLAND COMPANY, LIMITED.  
 C. EWENS,  
 General Manager.  
 Hongkong, 5th March, 1889.

**NOTICE TO THE PUBLIC.**  
 DURING the Paris Universal Exhibition of  
 1889 files of the "HONGKONG TELEGRAPH"  
 will be kept at the Office of our correspondents,  
 Messrs. AMADEE PRINCE & Co., 16, Rue  
 Lafayette, Paris, which may be consulted at any  
 time by visitors from the Far East.  
 Subscribers to this journal may have their  
 letters, papers, etc., addressed to the care of  
 Messrs. AMADEE PRINCE & Co., whose  
 services will be placed at the disposal of all  
 inquirers.  
 Hongkong, 11th March, 1889.

**KOWLOON HOTEL.**  
**J. C. L. ROUGH.....MANAGER.**  
**WINE and SPIRITS of the best quality.**  
**ENGLISH and AMERICAN BILLIARD**  
**TABLES, BOWLING ALLEYS, TENNIS**  
**LAWN.**  
 Hongkong, 21st January, 1889.

**THE HONGKONG LAND INVESTMENT**  
**AND AGENCY COMPANY, LIMITED.**  
**APPLICATIONS for the POST of**  
**SECRETARY to the above Company**  
 will be received until the 20th instant. Such  
 applications to be addressed to the CHAIRMAN of  
 the Company at the Offices No. 7, Queen's Road  
 Central.  
 Hongkong, 6th March, 1889.

**THE CHINA-BORNEO COMPANY,**  
**LIMITED.**  
**THE SIXTH ORDINARY GENERAL**  
**MEETING of SHAREHOLDERS** will be held at the  
 Office of the Company, Praya Central, on SATURDAY, 23rd March, at 12  
 O'CLOCK NOON, for the purpose of receiving the  
 Report of the General Managers, declaring a  
 Dividend, and electing a Consulting Committee  
 and Auditors.  
 The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company  
 will be CLOSED from 9th to 23rd instant, both  
 days inclusive.  
**RUSSELL & Co.,**  
 General Managers.  
 Hongkong, 2nd March, 1889.

**THE FIFTH ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING**  
 of SHAREHOLDERS will be held at the  
 Office of the Company, Praya Central, on  
 MONDAY, 26th March, at Three O'CLOCK in  
 the Afternoon, for the purpose of receiving the  
 Report of the General Managers, declaring a  
 Dividend and electing a Consulting Committee  
 and Auditors.  
 The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will  
 be CLOSED from the 11th to the 25th instant,  
 both days inclusive.  
**RUSSELL & Co.,**  
 General Managers.  
 Hongkong, 5th March, 1889.

## Intimations.

**THE HONGKONG ROPE MANUFACTURING COMPANY, LIMITED.**

**THE FIFTH ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING**  
 of SHAREHOLDERS will be held at the  
 Office of the Company, Praya Central, on  
 MONDAY, 26th March, at Three O'CLOCK in  
 the Afternoon, for the purpose of receiving the  
 Report of the General Managers, declaring a  
 Dividend and electing a Consulting Committee  
 and Auditors.  
 The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will  
 be CLOSED from the 11th to the 25th instant,  
 both days inclusive.  
**RUSSELL & Co.,**  
 General Managers.  
 Hongkong, 5th March, 1889.